

# Integration for Xilinx Vivado

Release 09.2024

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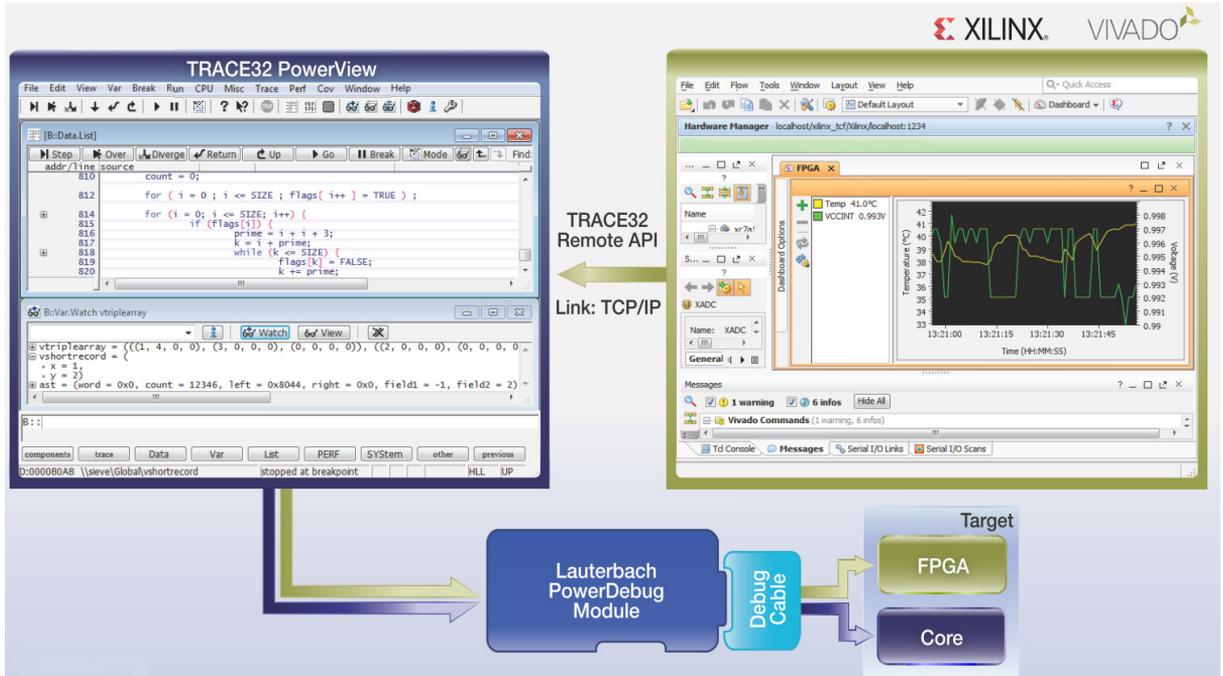
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# Introduction

The Xilinx Virtual Cable Daemon Bridge (XVCD Bridge) is an integration by Lauterbach that allows you to simultaneously use the Vivado Suite of Xilinx for hardware analysis and the Lauterbach TRACE32 infrastructure for software debugging - over a single (shared) connection to the target board via Lauterbach hardware.

Therefore the TRACE32 system is first set up as usual, i.e. the host PC with TRACE32 PowerView is connected to the target via a TRACE32 debugger. Vivado with its 'hw\_server' then sets up a connection over the XVCD bridge, which synchronizes with TRACE32 PowerView over the TRACE32 API. This means that Vivado is able to hook its communication into an existing TRACE32 toolchain and use TRACE32 as its backend.



## Restrictions

As mentioned above, this integration allows simultaneous hardware analysis with Vivado, while performing software debugging with TRACE32. However, it is *not* possible to perform *software* debugging with Vivado at the same time. In order to synchronize the target access of both toolsets, the software debugging capabilities of Vivado need to be disabled (which is done automatically during the start-up process of the XVCD bridge).

# System Requirements

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## TRACE32:

- The tool works with:
  - Windows
  - Linux
- Currently supported target architectures are:
  - MicroBlaze as of TRACE32 release 02/2016
  - ARM as of TRACE32 release 05/2016

## Vivado:

- 2015.4 or newer
- It does **not** work with older versions of Vivado, as these come with an older version of the Xilinx hardware server.

# Setting up the XVCD Bridge

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Setting up the XVCD Bridge is a two-step process:

- [Installation](#)
- [Configuration](#)

The setup process is described in detail in the following sections.

## Installation

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The following paragraphs guide through the installation process. Depending on the operating system, either continue with section [“Windows Installation”](#) or with section [“Linux Installation”](#).

<p><b>NOTE:</b> The main directory of the XVCD bridge is <code>~/demo/env/xilinx_vivado</code>, where <code>~</code> is your TRACE32 system directory, by default <code>c:\t32</code> (Windows) or for example <code>/home/t32</code> (Linux). If this folder is not available in your installation directory, ask Lauterbach support to send you the respective files.</p>
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## Windows Installation

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1. Install the Microsoft Visual C++ Redistributable 2015 from <https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=48145>
2. In addition to the files provided by Lauterbach, copy the following files from an existing Vivado installation to the `~/demo/env/xilinx_vivado` folder:

- `hw_server.exe`
- `FTD2XX.dll`

**Location of the above files in a 64 bit installation:**

- `C:\Xilinx\Vivado\2015.4\bin\unwrapped\win64.o\hw_server.exe`
- `C:\Xilinx\Vivado\2015.4\lib\win64.o\FTD2XX.dll`

**32 bit installation:**

- The path may slightly vary in case of a 32 bit installation.

3. Continue at [“Configuration”](#), page 8.

1. In addition to the files provided by Lauterbach, copy the following file from an existing Vivado installation to the `~/demo/env/xilinx_vivado` folder:
  - `hw_server`
  - **Location of the file:** `<xilinx_installation_directory>/Vivado/<version>/bin/hw_server`
2. Continue at [“Configuration”](#), page 8.

# Configuration

Configuring the environment is a two-step process:

1. Setting up the TRACE32 environment, by choosing *one* of the following two options:
  - [Setup via the T32Start application \(only for Windows users\)](#)
  - [Setup via the TRACE32 configuration file \(\\*.t32\)](#)
2. [Settings in the PRACTICE configuration script \(\\*.cmm\)](#)

The configuration process is described in detail in the following sections.

## Making the Required Settings in T32Start

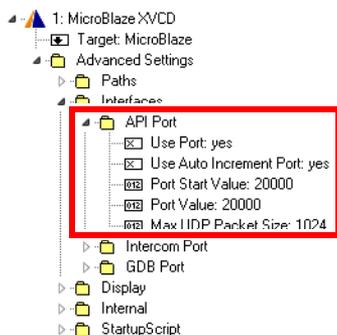
TRACE32 needs to be started with the right settings. Using the T32Start application, you can easily configure these settings, and then start TRACE32 from within T32Start.

**NOTE:** The T32Start application is currently only available for Windows. If you work with Linux or do not want to use T32Start, see the following section about [setting up a configuration file](#) instead.

For more information about T32Start, refer to [“T32Start”](#) (app\_t32start.pdf).

### To make the required settings in T32Start:

1. Navigate to `~/bin/windows/` and double-click `t32start.exe` (where `~/` expands to your TRACE32 system directory, by default `c:/t32`).
2. In the **T32Start** window, navigate to the core for which you want to configure the XVCD bridge.



3. Make the following settings:
  - **Advanced Settings > Paths > SystemPath:** Set the system directory of your TRACE32 installation.
  - **Advanced Settings > Interfaces > API Port > Use Port:** yes
  - **Advanced Settings > Interfaces > API Port > Max UDP Packet Size:** set to at least 1024

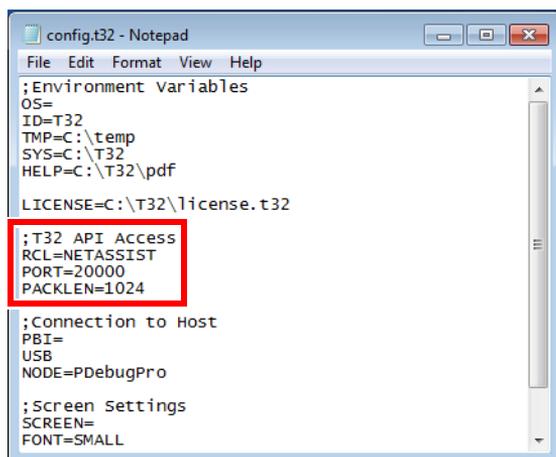
## Making the Required Settings in the TRACE32 Configuration File

If you work on Linux or you do not want to use T32Start.exe, then you can manually create or edit your TRACE32 configuration file.

For more information about the TRACE32 configuration file, refer to [“Configuration File”](#) (training\_debugger.pdf).

### To make the settings in the configuration file:

1. Open your TRACE32 configuration file (by default it is `~/config.t32`, where `~` expands to your TRACE32 system directory).
2. Make sure that the file has the following entries:
  - **RCL=NETASSIST**
  - **PORT=<desired\_t32api\_port\_number>** (default: 20000)
  - **PACKLEN=<maximum\_udp\_packet\_size>** (set to at least 1024)



```
config.t32 - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
;Environment Variables
OS=
ID=T32
TMP=C:\temp
SYS=C:\T32
HELP=C:\T32\pdf
LICENSE=C:\T32\license.t32
;T32 API Access
RCL=NETASSIST
PORT=20000
PACKLEN=1024
;Connection to Host
PBI=
USB
NODE=PDebugPro
;Screen Settings
SCREEN=
FONT=SMALL
```

### NOTE:

Be aware that the configuration file layout, i.e. the position, sequence of the entries, and the blank lines between the configuration blocks need to correspond to the example given in the screenshot above.

## Making the Required Settings in the Hardware Server Configuration File

---

The XVCD bridge does start and works in interaction with a “Xilinx hardware server” (`hw_server`). When starting the XVCD bridge, it automatically configures the hardware server with the `hw_server_init.txt` configuration file which can be found in the directory of the XVCD bridge.

Usually the settings in this file do not need to be changed. For details about configuration possibilities, please see the Xilinx documentation, such as the “Vivado Design Suite User Guide”.

## Checking the Settings in the PRACTICE Configuration Script

Before starting the bridge, we need to make sure that the settings in the PRACTICE script `xvcd_config.cmm` are correct. These settings define certain port values for bridge communication. In most cases, these values do *not* need to be changed.

### To check the settings in the script:

1. Navigate to the script file `~/demo/env/xilinx_vivado/xvcd_config.cmm`.
2. In the script file, check the settings described in the table below.

XVCDPORT	Port between <code>hw_server</code> and XVCD bridge.
TERMINATEPORT	Port that is used to terminate the bridge from TRACE32 PowerView.
PARKSTATE	<p>The TAP parkstate of the XVCD bridge. Default: <b>7</b>. The parameter <b>7</b>. stands for <b>Select-DR-Scan</b>.</p> <p>The TAP parkstate of TRACE32 needs to match the TAP parkstate of the XVCD bridge.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The current TAP parkstate of TRACE32 can be looked up in the <b>SYStem.CONFIG.state /Jtag</b> window.</li><li>• In order to change the TAP parkstate in TRACE32 to <b>Select-DR-Scan</b>, use <b>SYStem.CONFIG.TAPState 7.</b> in your start-up script (*.cmm).</li><li>• For MicroBlaze and most ARM systems the <b>Select-DR-Scan</b> state is advisable.</li></ul>
STARTRHSERVER	<p>Boolean value that determines whether the XVCD bridge should start the <code>hw_server</code> automatically or not.</p> <p>If set to <b>TRUE()</b>, the bridge will start the executable that is located in the <code>xilinx_vivado</code> folder with the according parameters. If set to <b>FALSE()</b>, then you should start the <code>hw_server</code> manually, as soon as the XVCD terminal shows an according message.</p> <p>For more information see chapter <b>Starting the Bridge with Manual Start of <code>hw_server</code></b>.</p>

# Starting the XVCD Bridge

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By default, the XVCD bridge **automatically** starts the `hw_server` executable during the startup process. However, there are scenarios during which a **manual** start of the `hw_server` may be necessary, such as:

- Wanting to start the `hw_server` with custom parameters
- When having problems during the startup process

Depending on which method you prefer, please continue with *one* of the following chapters:

- [Starting the Bridge with Automatic Start of `hw\_server`](#) (default)
- [Starting the Bridge with Manual Start of `hw\_server`](#)

## Starting the Bridge with Automatic Start of `hw_server`

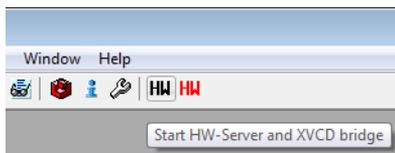
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To start the XVCD bridge:

1. Open the script `xvcd_config.cmm` and make sure that the parameter **STARTRHSERVER** is set to **TRUE()**.
2. Start TRACE32.
3. Add buttons for starting and terminating the XVCD bridge to the TRACE32 [main toolbar](#) by typing at the TRACE32 command line:

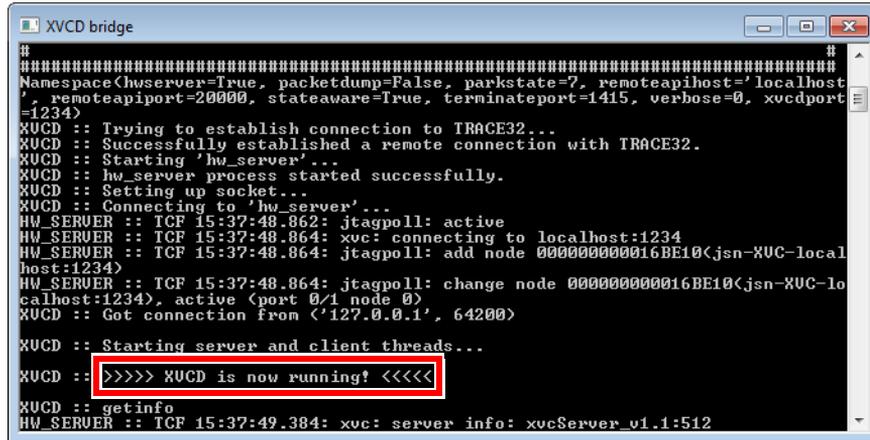
```
DO ~/demo/env/xilinx_vivado/xvcd_add_buttons.cmm
```

Two buttons labeled **HW** are added to the TRACE32 main toolbar.



4. Click the black **HW** button to start the HW server and the XVCD bridge.

The **XVCD bridge** terminal window opens, displaying the current status of the bridge. As soon as the **XVCD bridge** terminal window displays “XVCD is now running”, you can connect to Vivado with the steps described below.



```
#
#####
Namespace(hwserver=True, packetdump=False, parkstate=7, remoteapihost='localhost', remoteapiport=20000, stateaware=True, terminateport=1415, verbose=0, xvcdport=1234)
XVCD :: Trying to establish connection to TRACE32...
XVCD :: Successfully established a remote connection with TRACE32.
XVCD :: Starting 'hw_server'...
XVCD :: hw_server process started successfully.
XVCD :: Setting up socket...
XVCD :: Connecting to 'hw_server'...
HW_SERVERER :: TCF 15:37:48.862: jtagpoll: active
HW_SERVERER :: TCF 15:37:48.864: xvc: connecting to localhost:1234
HW_SERVERER :: TCF 15:37:48.864: jtagpoll: add node 00000000016BE10<jsn-XVC-localhost:1234>
HW_SERVERER :: TCF 15:37:48.864: jtagpoll: change node 00000000016BE10<jsn-XVC-localhost:1234>, active <port 0/1 node 0>
XVCD :: Got connection from <'127.0.0.1', 64200>
XVCD :: Starting server and client threads...
XVCD :: >>>> XVCD is now running! <<<<<
XVCD :: getinfo
HW_SERVERER :: TCF 15:37:49.384: xvc: server info: xvcServer_v1.1:512
```

5. Proceed with chapter [Connecting to Vivado](#).

## Recommendation

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We recommend that you call the `xvcd_add_buttons.cmm` script from your own start-up script. This will automatically include the buttons on the TRACE32 [main toolbar](#) on every start-up.

### Example:

```
;code of your own start-up script (*.cmm)

DO ~/~/demo/env/xilinx_vivado/xvcd_add_buttons.cmm

;your code
```

## Variation

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Alternatively, it is possible to open and close the bridge with the PRACTICE scripts `xvcd_start.cmm` and `xvcd_end.cmm`. They call the executable files `xvcd_bridge.exe` and `xvcd_close.exe` with the appropriate parameters. Do not call the executables directly, without passing any parameters.

The `xvcd_start.cmm` and `xvcd_end.cmm` scripts can also be integrated into your own PRACTICE start-up scripts, as shown in the example above.

# Starting the Bridge with Manual Start of hw\_server

By default, the XVCD bridge automatically starts the hw\_server process during the startup process. However, there are scenarios during which a *manual start* of the hw\_server may be necessary, such as:

- Wanting to start the hw\_server with custom parameters
- When having problems during the startup process

The following steps will allow a manual start of the hw\_server:

1. Open the script xvc\_d\_config.cmm and set the parameter **STARTRHWSERVER** to **FALSE()**.
2. Start TRACE32.
3. Add buttons for starting and terminating the XVCD bridge to the TRACE32 [main toolbar](#) by typing at the TRACE32 command line:

```
DO ~/demo/env/xilinx_vivado/xvc_d_add_buttons.cmm
```

Two buttons labeled **HW** are added to the TRACE32 main toolbar.



4. Click the black **HW** button to start the XVCD bridge.
5. The **XVCD bridge** terminal window opens, displaying the current status of the bridge. The window output should stop with an entry "Waiting for Enter keystroke..."

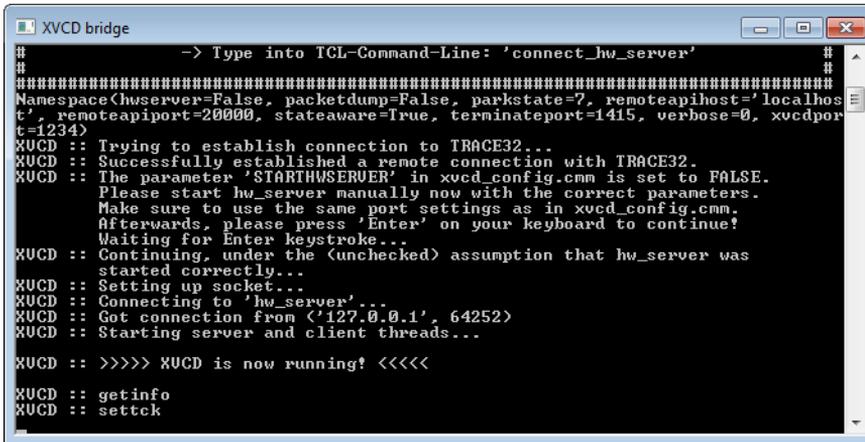
```
XVCD :: Trying to establish connection to TRACE32...
XVCD :: Successfully established a remote connection with TRACE32.
XVCD :: The parameter 'STARTRHWSERVER' in xvc_d_config.cmm is set to FALSE.
Please start hw_server manually now with the correct parameters.
Make sure to use the same port settings as in xvc_d_config.cmm.
Afterwards, please press 'Enter' on your keyboard to continue!
Waiting for Enter keystroke...
```

6. Open a separate terminal window. Start the hw\_server executable in this terminal, along with the desired parameters. The default parameters that are used by the XVCD bridge are:

```
hw_server.exe -L- -ljtag2
-e "set auto-open-servers xilinx-xvc:localhost:1234"
-e "set always-open-jtag 1"
-e "set xvc-log-level 1"
```

7. After you have started the hw\_server, go back to the terminal of the XVCD bridge and press 'Enter'.

8. The XVCD bridge should continue and eventually finish its startup procedure. The output of the XVCD bridge should look like the following:



```

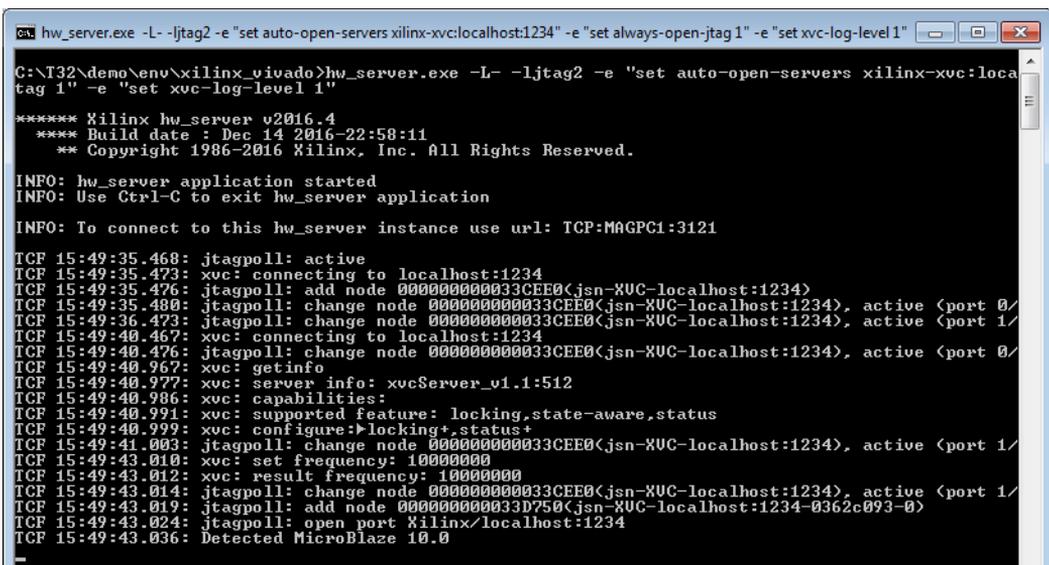
#                               -> Type into TCL-Command-Line: 'connect_hw_server'
#
#####
Namespace<hwserver=False, packetdump=False, parkstate=7, remoteapihost='localhost',
remoteapiport=20000, stateaware=True, terminateport=1415, verbose=0, xucdport=1234>
XUCD :: Trying to establish connection to TRACE32...
XUCD :: Successfully established a remote connection with TRACE32.
XUCD :: The parameter 'STARTHWSEVER' in xucd_config.cmm is set to FALSE.
        Please start hw_server manually now with the correct parameters.
        Make sure to use the same port settings as in xucd_config.cmm.
        Afterwards, please press 'Enter' on your keyboard to continue!
        Waiting for Enter keystroke...
XUCD :: Continuing, under the (unchecked) assumption that hw_server was
        started correctly...
XUCD :: Setting up socket...
XUCD :: Connecting to 'hw_server'...
XUCD :: Got connection from '<'127.0.0.1', 64252)
XUCD :: Starting server and client threads...

XUCD :: >>>> XUCD is now running! <<<<<

XUCD :: getinfo
XUCD :: settck

```

The hw\_server output should be similar to this:



```

C:\I32\demo\env\xilinx_vivado>hw_server.exe -L- -ltag2 -e "set auto-open-servers xilinx-xvc:localhost1234" -e "set always-open-jtag 1" -e "set xvc-log-level 1"
tag 1" -e "set xvc-log-level 1"

***** Xilinx hw_server v2016.4
***** Build date : Dec 14 2016-22:58:11
***** Copyright 1986-2016 Xilinx, Inc. All Rights Reserved.

INFO: hw_server application started
INFO: Use Ctrl-C to exit hw_server application

INFO: To connect to this hw_server instance use url: TCP:MAGPC1:3121

TCF 15:49:35.468: jtagpoll: active
TCF 15:49:35.473: xvc: connecting to localhost:1234
TCF 15:49:35.476: jtagpoll: add node 00000000033CEE0<jsn-XUC-localhost:1234>
TCF 15:49:35.480: jtagpoll: change node 00000000033CEE0<jsn-XUC-localhost:1234>, active <port 0/
TCF 15:49:36.473: jtagpoll: change node 00000000033CEE0<jsn-XUC-localhost:1234>, active <port 1/
TCF 15:49:40.467: xvc: connecting to localhost:1234
TCF 15:49:40.476: jtagpoll: change node 00000000033CEE0<jsn-XUC-localhost:1234>, active <port 0/
TCF 15:49:40.967: xvc: getinfo
TCF 15:49:40.977: xvc: server info: xvcServer_v1.1:512
TCF 15:49:40.986: xvc: capabilities:
TCF 15:49:40.991: xvc: supported feature: locking,state-aware,status
TCF 15:49:40.999: xvc: configure:>locking+,status+
TCF 15:49:41.003: jtagpoll: change node 00000000033CEE0<jsn-XUC-localhost:1234>, active <port 1/
TCF 15:49:43.010: xvc: set frequency: 10000000
TCF 15:49:43.012: xvc: result frequency: 10000000
TCF 15:49:43.014: jtagpoll: change node 00000000033CEE0<jsn-XUC-localhost:1234>, active <port 1/
TCF 15:49:43.019: jtagpoll: add node 00000000033D750<jsn-XUC-localhost:1234-0362c093-0>
TCF 15:49:43.024: jtagpoll: open port Xilinx/localhost:1234
TCF 15:49:43.036: Detected MicroBlaze 10.0

```

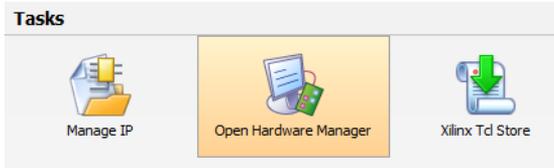
9. The connection from the bridge to the hw\_server has now successfully been established. Proceed with chapter [Connecting to Vivado](#).

# Connecting to Vivado

**NOTE:** The Vivado version must match the version of `hw_server(.exe)` that you copied during the installation process.

**NOTE:** Make sure to disconnect any "Xilinx JTAG USB cable" that is connected to the host PC.

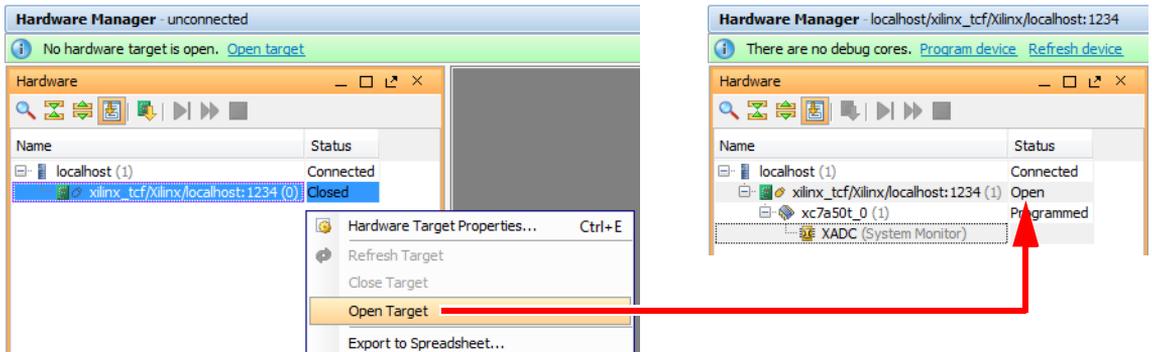
1. Start Vivado and click **Open Hardware Manager**.



2. At the Vivado TCL command line type: `connect_hw_server`

The **Hardware Manager** should show a new entry in the **Hardware** window pane, which states a new connection with the name "localhost" and the status "connected".

This entry should also have a sub-entry, which represents the target (e.g. "xilinx\_tcf/Xilinx/localhost:1234", with the status "closed").



3. Connect to the target by right-clicking this sub-entry, and then select **Open Target** from the popup menu. Its status should change to "Open", and show sub-entries for the JTAG components.

You are now ready to use Vivado and TRACE32 simultaneously.

The following describes some possible error scenarios, along with suggestions how to resolve them:

## 'VREF missing' error

---

- When selecting "open target" in Vivado, the Xilinx hardware server ("HW\_SERVER ::" prefix in the XVCD bridge window) throws the following error:

```
HW_SERVER :: TCF xx:xx jtagpoll: cannot open port xx:  
open device failed: vref missing
```

- **Possible solutions:**
  - One possible cause is that there is something wrong with the Lauterbach JTAG debug cable. Please check the cable to make sure it is properly connected. If normal debugging of the target via TRACE32 (without the XVCD bridge) is possible, then the cable should be okay.
  - Another cause can be a "Xilinx JTAG USB cable" that is connected to the host PC. Disconnecting the cable should solve the issue.

